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Yahya Sinwar, the right man at the right time?

With Yahya Sinwar taking the reins, Hamas is poised to intensify the fight against Israel. A strategic man with deep ties to the Resistance Axis, Sinwar will aim to win both a ceasefire and a political victory for Palestinians everywhere.



Credit: The Cradle)

The future of Palestine is at a critical juncture, marked by significant regional and international events reshaping the conflict with Israel, which introduces new challenges and fresh opportunities, both.

One such event was Israel's catastrophic 31 July assassination of Hamas political bureau chief Ismail Haniyeh in Tehran, where he was to attend the inauguration ceremony of Iranian President Masoud Pezeshkian.

Tel Aviv's decision to assassinate the pragmatic, relatively moderate top Palestinian negotiator while he was a guest of the Islamic Republic was seen as a blatant transgression of

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all boundaries. This act was also intended to eliminate any prospects of a lasting ceasefire, which Tel Aviv views as a political defeat of its war on Gaza.

The martyrdom of Haniyeh at such a critical juncture raised questions regarding the future leadership of the Palestinian resistance movement, particularly given the assassination of his deputy, Saleh al-Arouri, in Beirut's southern suburb earlier this year.

It was the same area in which Israel killed Hezbollah commander Fuad Shukr just a day before Haniyeh's assassination.

For the past 10 months, Gaza's Palestinians have faced what can be described as a war of extermination, with the Israeli occupation targeting all facets of Palestinian life and systematically eliminating resistance leaders both domestically and abroad.

Thus, the announcement this week of Yahya Sinwar's election as Haniyeh's successor in Gaza was both a surprise to the Israeli occupation and a cause for celebration among Palestinians and their factions.

Why Yahya Sinwar? Why now?

Sinwar was a natural choice for several reasons. He was Haniyeh's deputy and the head of Hamas in the Gaza Strip, which positioned him as the immediate successor following Arouri's assassination.

As a leading architect of last year's Operation Al-Aqsa Flood, Sinwar's appointment can be seen as a direct challenge to Tel Aviv, reaffirming Hamas' commitment to armed resistance and demonstrating confidence in his strategic capabilities.

Furthermore, Sinwar's close relationship with the Qassam Brigades, Hamas' military wing, enables him to effectively manage both the political and military affairs of the movement. His strong connections with key regional allies, including Iran, Hezbollah, and the broader Resistance Axis, bolster Hamas' strategic position.

Another considered candidate for the top post, Khaled Meshaal, despite being Haniyeh's deputy and a former head of the political bureau, chose not to throw his hat into the leadership ring this time around.

Meshaal, whose relations with Tehran and Damascus have been strained due to his support for the Syrian opposition, had earlier indicated his unwillingness to lead. This enables him to focus on diplomatic efforts and maintaining relationships with key Hamas political and financial partners like Qatar and Turkiye.

His decision paved the way for a unanimous consensus on Sinwar's leadership, deemed more suited for the current militarized context, in which tested and solid ties with Tehran and other members of West Asia's Axis of Resistance are viewed as essential.

New challenges under Sinwar's watch

Although Hamas' political bureau and General Shura Council, led by interim caretaker Abu Omar Hassan, elected Yahya Sinwar as the movement's new leader, his appointment has received widespread support from Palestinian factions and national figures, who see it as a continuation of Operation Al-Aqsa Flood and the rightful political response to the assassination of Ismail Haniyeh.

But what does this succession mean for the future of negotiations and a lasting ceasefire in Gaza? Sinwar, it should be noted, has overseen past negotiations, managed the Palestinian prisoners' file, and has an in-depth understanding of Israeli society, having spent over 20 years in Israeli prisons where he learned Hebrew.

He is, therefore, expected to maintain the talks currently underway, which will be led by the deputy head of Hamas in Gaza, Khalil al-Hayya, under Sinwar's general supervision.

Palestinian reconciliation, regional alliances

On 23 July, an agreement was signed in Beijing, China, between Fatah, Hamas, and other Palestinian factions, with Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi's oversight. Sinwar supports reconciliation and the formation of the proposed national unity government, an important breakthrough for Palestinian unification.

His history of engineering the Beach Agreement in 2014 and handing over crossings to the Palestinian Authority (PA) in 2017 demonstrates his commitment to national partnership and reconciliation, even with US and Israeli-backed PA President Mahmoud Abbas. Sinwar is expected to strengthen these efforts further in his new leadership role.

At the regional level, the new Hamas chief prioritizes relationships with Iran, Lebanon, and Egypt. Despite having normalized relations with Israel, Cairo is seen by Sinwar as a crucial neighbor due to its proximity to Gaza and historical interactions. Equally, he looks to Lebanon for Hezbollah's support and Iran for its strategic backing and provision of weapons and expertise.

One of Sinwar's speeches summarized his regional outlook. In it, he invoked a hadith of the Prophet Muhammad: "A soldier in the Levant, a soldier in Iraq, and a soldier in Yemen," which reflects his strategic vision of the Unity of Fronts.

Additionally, Sinwar has expressed interest in strengthening ties with Russia and China, indicating his broad international vision of a multipolar order.

A defining moment for the Palestinian resistance

A formidable threat to the Israeli occupation, Sinwar is viewed by Tel Aviv as the primary architect of Al-Aqsa Flood. Israeli leadership, including Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, believes the conflict cannot end without Sinwar's assassination.

Hamas, therefore, faces the challenge of protecting its current leader, while Sinwar must continue to confront and lead the resistance against the US-backed occupation army.

Should Israel's campaign of ethnic cleansing subside with Sinwar still leading, substantial changes are anticipated. He has the potential to transform the resilience of Gaza's people into political achievements and strengthen ties throughout West Asia's Axis of Resistance.

The coming days present both challenges and opportunities for Hamas under Yahya Sinwar's leadership. The movement has a real chance to solidify its position and implement substantial policy and strategic shifts, coinciding with enhanced tactical support from Tehran, Sanaa, and Beirut as they prepare for long-overdue reprisals against the occupation entity.

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